



DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

LADY HARDINGE MEDICAL COLLEGE & SMT. S.K. HOSPITAL, NEW DELHI

CYTOLOGY REPORT FORM

Name of Patient..... Ilha Sex F Age 29 yrs Regd. No. 29674

Hospital rsch Ward U2C5 Dr. In-Charge Dr

Case No 1642 Smear No 3256-57/24

Received on 4/11/24 Reported on 6/11/24

Investigation asked for :-

Report :- CF for Malignant cytology (F 3256-57/24)

Gross: Received 400 ul of clear fluid.

Microscopy: TLC - 14 cell / cumm
DLC - Lymphocyte 95 monocyte 04 Neutrophil 1.
Smears show lymphocytic percytosis.
Cyrospin smears shows predominantly lymphocytes, few
monocytes and occasional neutrophils.
No atypical cell seen in the smears examined

Dr. Gaitika
Ans

Patients and methods

From February 1982 to February 1984, 24 children with non-localised Burkitt's lymphoma, consecutively admitted to the paediatric oncology unit of Medical City Hospital, were entered into the study. There were 15 boys and nine girls, and their ages ranged from 2.5 to 12 years (median 4 years). Twenty three patients had had no previous treatment, and one had recurrent disease 12 months after completing six weeks of treatment with non-intensive chemotherapy (oral cyclophosphamide and methotrexate, vincristine, and intravenous cytosine arabinoside⁹). In each case the clinical diagnosis was confirmed by histological evidence of undifferentiated lymphoma or of 'L3' morphology of blasts in bone marrow. Neither immunological surface marker testing nor Epstein-Barr virus serology was available. Children with follicular centre cell or other histological subtypes of non-Hodgkin's lymphoma were not included.

The following staging investigations were carried out: full blood count, bilateral bone marrow aspiration, cerebrospinal fluid cell count and cytospin, chest x ray, and intravenous urogram. In addition, six non-laparotomised patients had a computed tomogram of the abdomen performed. Staging was according to Murphy's system.⁸

All patients were given oral or intravenous (if vomiting) allopurinol 50-100 mg for at least 24 hours before starting chemotherapy and for one to four

weeks thereafter: an attempt was made to alkalinise the urine, using intravenous sodium bicarbonate, during courses 1-5 and 8-9. Chemotherapy was given in 11 courses at two to three weekly intervals (Fig. 1), with special emphasis on the delivery of the first five courses as soon as possible after blood count recovery (neutrophils $>1.0 \times 10^9/l$).

Courses 1, 2, 10, and 11 consisted of 'CHOP' (for details, see Fig. 1), courses 3, 4, 5, 8, and 9 of moderate dose methotrexate (combined in courses 8 and 9 with VM 26), and courses 6 and 7 of cytosine arabinoside and 6-thioguanine. In the methotrexate courses one third of the dose was given as a bolus and the remainder as a 24 hour infusion. The first dose (15 mg) of folinic acid 'rescue' was given intravenously at the end of the infusion of methotrexate and repeated every six hours (eight doses in all). Serum creatinine concentration was checked 48 hours from the start of treatment with methotrexate; if the concentration was $>50\%$ higher than just before treatment folinic acid rescue was continued for five days and the next dose of methotrexate was delayed by one week. Intrathecal methotrexate was given with courses 1-6, the dose being related to age:¹⁵ children aged 2-4 years received 7.5 mg per dose, while older children were given 10 mg. All treatment was stopped after course 11, except in one child (case 19) who had blasts in the peripheral blood at diagnosis (L3 acute lymphoblastic leukaemia) and is on continuing ('maintenance') treatment (see Results). Radiotherapy

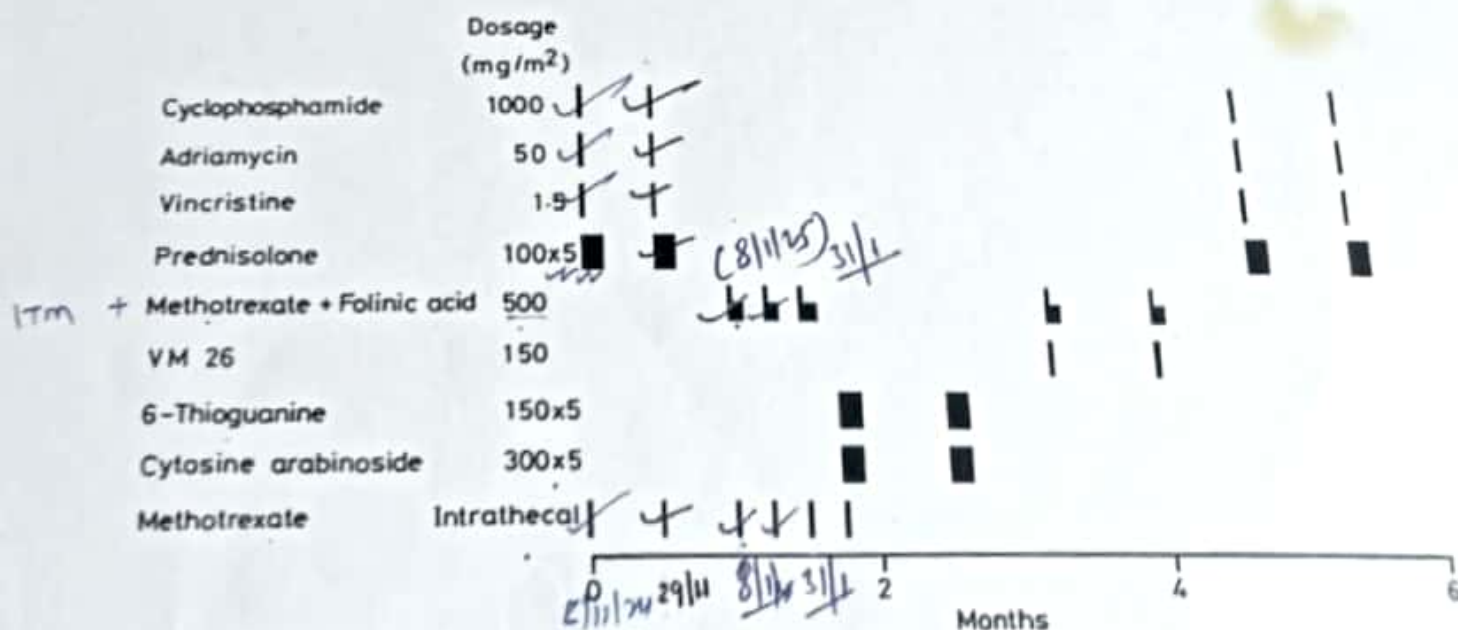


Fig 1 Diagrammatic representation of protocol. Dosage of intrathecal methotrexate was dependent on age.¹⁵ Courses 1-3 were given as close together as blood count allowed.

2/1/85 - 4/1/85 child admitted 140 FN = ANCL
ANCL = 150 → chemotherapy with
Restarted 8/1/85
ANCL = 1310

SN: 14-NO. 153 1984 12DC
 Patient ID:
 Name:
 Sample Comment:

Rack:
 Ward:

Position: 30/01/2025
 Doctor:
 Birth: Nickname: Sex: XN-1000-1-A

Positive
 Morph. Count

WBC	5.68	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$		
RBC	4.87	$10^6/\mu\text{L}$		
HGB	18.3	g/dL		
HCT	51.3	%		
MCV	78.4	fL		
MCH	24.6	pg		
MCHC	31.3	g/dL		
PLT	235	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$		
RDW-SI	18.5	%		
RDW-CV	25.7	%		
PDW	14.3	fL		
MPV	10.1	fL		
P-LCR	29.3	%		
PCT	0.24	%		
NRBC	0.00	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$	0.0	%
NRBC	1.65	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$	29.0	%
LYMPH	2.72	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$	48.1	%
MONO	0.96	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$	17.0	%
EO	0.31	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$	5.5	%
BASO	0.02	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$	0.4	%
IG	0.02	$10^3/\mu\text{L}$	0.4	%
RET		%		$10^6/\mu\text{L}$
LYF		%		
LFR		%		
HFR		%		
HFR		%		
RET-HF		pg		
IPF		%		
WBC-BF		$10^3/\mu\text{L}$		
RBC-BF		$10^6/\mu\text{L}$		
PLA		$10^3/\mu\text{L}$		%
PLM		$10^3/\mu\text{L}$		%
TC-BFW		$10^3/\mu\text{L}$		

WBC IP Message
 Atypical Lympho?

RBC IP Message
 Anisocytosis

PLT IP Message
 PLT Abn Distribution
 PLT Clumps?

WDF



WNR



RET



PLT-F



RBC



PLT



DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

LADY HARDINGE MEDICAL COLLEGE & SMT. S.K. HOSPITAL, NEW DELHI

CYTOLOGY REPORT FORM

Name of Patient.....Taha..... Sex F Age 3 Regd. No. 3982

Hospital LHMC Ward V2C5 Dr. In-Charge Dr. PIALI

Case No 279 Smear No F703-04/25

Received on 21/2/25 Reported on 21/2/25

Investigation asked for :-

Report :-

CSF Cytology (F703-04/25)

Gross - Received 400 μ L of colourless clear fluid.

TLC - $1444/\text{mm}^3$

microscopy - cyto spin smear show occasional lymphocyte.

No atypical cell seen in smear examined.


Dr. Greetika Sharma
Asst Prof

Govt. of India
KALAWATI SARAN CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL
INVESTIGATION RECORD SHEET

C.R. No. 2095

Scanned with CamScanner

DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY
LADY HARDINGE MEDICAL COLLEGE & SMT S. K. HOSPITAL : NEW DELHI
BONE MARROW BIOPSY REPORT

Name of Patient: Ibha Age / Sex: 2.8y / F Regd. No: 29679
Hospital: LHMC Ward: V2C5 Dr. In charge : Dr.
Specimen No: bmb BMB-448, A/24 Microsection No: BMB- BMA-651/24
Nature of Specimen: Bone Marrow biopsy Date of Reporting: 27/11/24
Date of Receiving: 12/11/24

Labelled as Bone marrow biopsy 448, A/24

Sections show bony trabeculae enclosing marrow spaces which are cellular for age. Erythroid series show hyperplasia with normoblastic reaction. Myeloid series show normal matured. Megakaryocytes are adequate. No atypical cell / granuloma / parasite seen.

H/tol

Reported by:

Dr Jyotsna
Professor
27/11/24

Sample No.: 3982 IBHA U2DC
Patient ID:
Name:
Sample Comment:

Ward:

Rack:

Position:

Doctor:

Birth:

Nickname: XN

Positive

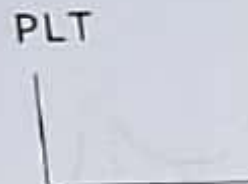
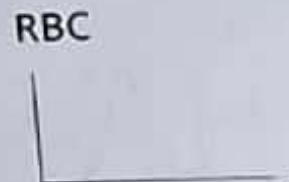
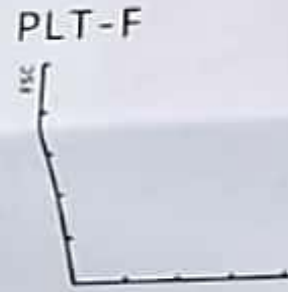
Morph.

WBC	4.29	[$10^3/uL$]
RBC	4.23	[$10^6/uL$]
HGB	10.9	[g/dL]
HCT	35.1	[%]
MCV	83.0	[fL]
MCH	25.8	[pg]
MCHC	31.1	[g/dL]
PLT	137	* [$10^3/uL$]
RDW-SD	54.8	+ [fL]
RDW-CV	18.5	+ [%]
PDW	----	[fL]
MPV	----	[fL]
P-LCR	----	[%]
PCT	----	[%]
NRBC	0.00	[$10^3/uL$]
NEUT	1.28	* [$10^3/uL$]
LYMPH	2.55	* [$10^3/uL$]
MONO	0.45	* [$10^3/uL$]
EO	0.00	[$10^3/uL$]
BASO	0.01	[$10^3/uL$]
IG	0.00	* [$10^3/uL$]
RET		[%]
IRF		[%]
LFR		[%]
MFR		[%]
HFR		[%]
RET-He		[pg]
IPF		[%]
WBC-BF		[$10^3/uL$]
RBC-BF		[$10^6/uL$]
MN		[$10^3/uL$]
PMN		[$10^3/uL$]
TC-BF#		[$10^3/uL$]

0.0	[%]
29.9	* [%]
59.4	* [%]
10.5	* [%]
0.0	[%]
0.2	[%]
0.0	* [%]

[$10^6/uL$]

[%]
[%]



WBC IP Message
Atypical Lympho?

RBC IP Message

PLT IP Message
PLT Abn Distribution





KILKARI TRUST

Regd. No.464

KILKARI TRUST

Mob.: 8826149690

You Think, You Care, You give.

Ref. No.:

Date :

दिनांक - 13/03/2025

सेवा में

संस्थापक महोदय,

किलकारी ट्रस्ट

नई दिल्ली

मैं हुआ आपसे विनती करती हूँ अपनी
बच्ची इन्फा के लिए हमारा बच्चा बड़ी बीमारी
में पिड़ित है। मेरी बच्ची को एक मंजर जैसे
बीमारी से पिड़ित है। हमारा बच्चा बहुत लकड़ी
में है। हमारे बच्ची के खर्चे में बहुत ज्यादा खर्चा
आ रहा है। वह हम अपने बच्चे को ठीक से मर
नहीं कर पा रहे हैं। कृपया उनके हमारा
बच्चे की अधिक कोप से जवब कर
हमारा परिवार सेवा आपका आभारी
रहमा जियंगी भर

प्राथी

हुमा

